

TEST Listening Comprehension – ‘1993 The Trojan Room Coffee Pot’

- Before listening, read everything and look up words you need.
- You will be able to listen twice with a pause in between.
- Note that some options give the meaning, not the original wording.
- Try out with a pencil first. Then clearly mark in ink before handing in this sheet.
- Tick the single box that comes closest to what you understand.



<p>Example: 0. This programme is from</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	BBC Learning.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	BBC Radio 4.
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	the BBC World Service.
<p>1. In 1991, Cambridge scientists were working hard</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	at computer companies.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	in computer factories.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	on computer technology.
<p>2. In the Trojan Room there were two or three</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	racks of computers.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	stacks of computers.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	tacks of computers.
<p>3. Computer scientists need caffeine</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	after lunch.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	any time.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	in the morning.
<p>4. Scientists next to the coffee pot were happy because they always</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	saw when there was coffee.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	smelled the coffee.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	watched the coffee machine run.
<p>5. Scientists worked on a new program because they wanted to</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	develop a fairer system.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	earn more money.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	study marketing.
<p>6. In 1993 these scientists developed</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	a new version of Skype.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	an audio version of Skype.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	an early form of Skype.
<p>7. Paul Jardetzky* worked</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	in video stores.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	on video storage.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	on video stories.
<p>8. Paul wrote software to grab</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	cameras.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	film files.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	images.
<p>9. Quentin Stafford-Fraser* wrote software to</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	display an image.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	play a video file.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	point a camera.

10. The image displayed was updated once every	<input type="checkbox"/>	free minute.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	three minutes.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	two minutes.
11. Now scientists	<input type="checkbox"/>	had time to chat online.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	knew when to go for a cup.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	saw their colleagues at work.
12. The new system was ideal for	<input type="checkbox"/>	all of the scientists.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	few of the scientists.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	most of the scientists.
13. Martin Johnson* used server software to	<input type="checkbox"/>	identify viruses online.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	show images online.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	write messages online.
14. With Martin's new software other computers could copy images	<input type="checkbox"/>	from his server.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	of his server.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	on his server.
15. Soon people knew	<input type="checkbox"/>	how much the coffee was.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	how the coffee tasted.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	when the coffeepot was half full.
16. In 1993, most web servers provided	<input type="checkbox"/>	movies.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	sound.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	text.
17. Martin's software displayed different coffee	<input type="checkbox"/>	cups.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	machines.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	quantities.
18. At first, publishing images online was	<input type="checkbox"/>	documented.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	exciting.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	ignored.
19. The coffee pot interested people in	<input type="checkbox"/>	Cambridge.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Europe.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	the world.
20. The Trojan Room became	<input type="checkbox"/>	a café for tourists.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	popular with tourists.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	the tourist information centre.

* **Names of computer scientists**

- *Quentin Stafford-Fraser* (British accent)
- *Paul Jardetzky* (American accent)
- *Martin Johnson* (Australian accent)